

# Processing recommendation

Kronodesign®

## Machining of Kronospan – MF PB & MF MDF

### Introduction

Kronospan – MF PB and MF MDF melamine resin-coated panels consist of wood-based materials that are covered on both sides with decorative paper. Chipboard or MDF panels are used as core material.

### General machining guidelines

When machining Kronospan – the reference values from the table for the selection of the cutting speed ( $v_c$ ) and the tooth feed rate ( $f_z$ ) should be observed, depending on the machining method.

Machining method	Cutting speed $v_c$ [m/s]
Sawing	60 - 90
Hogging	60 - 80
Cutting	50 - 70
Boring	0.5 - 2.0

Machining method	Tooth feed rate $f_z$ [mm]
Sawing	0.05 - 0.15
Hogging	0.15 - 0.25
Cutting	0.50 - 0.80
Boring	0.05 - 0.25



These parameters are in relation to the tool diameter (D), number of teeth (Z), RPM (n) and feed speed ( $v_f$ ) used on the processing machine. The right selection of these factors is responsible for a good machining result.

The following formulas apply to the calculation of cutting speed, tooth feed rate and feed speed:

#### $v_c$ – Cutting speed [m/s]

$$v_c = D \cdot \pi \cdot n / 60 \cdot 1000$$

D – Tool diameter [mm]

n – RPM of tool [ $\text{min}^{-1}$ ]

#### $f_z$ – Tooth feed rate [mm]

$$f_z = v_f \cdot 1000 / n \cdot z$$

$v_f$  – Feed speed [m/min]

n – RPM of tool [ $\text{min}^{-1}$ ]

z – Number of teeth

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## **$v_f$ – Tooth feed rate [m/min-1]**

$$v_f = f_z \cdot n \cdot z / 1000$$

$f_z$  – Feed speed [mm]

$n$  – RPM of tool [ $\text{min}^{-1}$ ]

$z$  – Number of teeth

## **Cutting material**

Basically, both tools with tungsten carbide cutting edges (HW) and diamond cutting edges (DP diamond polycrystalline) can be used. The use of tools with diamond cutting edges (DP) is recommended in order to extend the tool life at high cutting volume.

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## Cutting the panels with circular sawblades

General note:

- Visible side (decorative side with foil) upwards
- Make sure that the sawblade protrudes correctly (see table)
- Adjust RPM and number of teeth to feed speed
- The use of a scoring sawblade is recommended for precise cuts on the bottom side of the panel

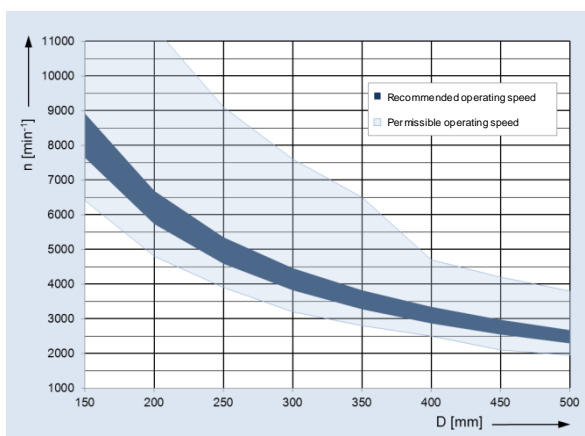
Depending on the sawblade protrusion, the entry and exit angle and thus the quality of the cutting edge change. If the top cutting edge becomes rough, set the sawblade higher. If the cut on the bottom side is rough, the sawblade must be set lower. In this way the most favourable height setting must be determined.

The following sawblade protrusions (Ü) must be set for sizing and panel sizing saws, depending on the diameter (D):

Circular sawblade diameter D [mm]	Protrusions Ü [mm]
250	ca. 10 - 20
300	
350	
400	
450	



Sawblades with a high number of teeth are generally recommended for good machining quality. For circular sawing, the recommended cutting speed  $v_c$  is 60 - 90 m/s.



Speed diagram – depending on the circular sawblade diameter

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## Recommended tooth shapes

<p>FZ/TR (flat tooth/trapezoidal tooth)</p>	<p>HZ/DZ (hollow tooth/ inverted-V tooth)</p>	<p>TR/TR (trapezoidal tooth/ trapezoidal tooth)</p>	<p>HZFA/WZFA (bevelled hollow tooth/ alternate top bevel tooth)</p>

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## Sizing sawblades

With the saw tooth shape hollow tooth/V-tooth (HZ/DZ) provide the best cutting results on machines without scoring unit. On machines with a scoring unit, the flat tooth/trapezoidal tooth (FZ/TR) sawblade shape also offers good cutting results with a higher tool life compared to HZ/DZ.

### Sizing cut without pre-scoring *Excellent*

D [mm]	SB [mm]	TDI [mm]	BO [mm]	NLA [mm]	Z	ZF	SW °	ID
250	3.2	2.2	30	KNL	54	HZ/DZ	10	<b>161300</b>
303	3.2	2.2	30	KNL	68	HZ/DZ	10	<b>161301</b>
350	3.5	2.5	30	KNL	80	HZ/DZ	10	<b>161302</b>

Other dimensions available on request

### Sizing cut with pre-scoring *Premium*

D [mm]	SB [mm]	TDI [mm]	BO [mm]	NLA [mm]	Z	ZF	Type	SW °	ID
250	3.2	2.2	30	KNL	60	FZ/TR	UT	10	<b>163002</b>
250	3.2	2.2	30	KNL	80	FZ/TR		10	<b>163003</b>
300	3.2	2.2	30	KNL	72	FZ/TR	UT	10	<b>163005</b>
300	3.2	2.2	30	KNL	96	FZ/TR		10	<b>163006</b>
350	3.5	2.5	30	KNL	84	FZ/TR	UT	10	<b>163007</b>
350	3.5	2.5	30	KNL	108	FZ/TR		10	<b>163008</b>

Other dimensions available on request

In order to create a work-friendly machining, WhisperCut circular sawblades with DP cutting material are recommended. WhisperCut circular sawblades produce up to 10 dB(A) less noise and can be used with standard splitting wedges on machines with scoring unit.

### Sizing cut *Excellent* – WhisperCut

D [mm]	SB [mm]	TDI [mm]	BO [mm]	NLA [mm]	Z	ZF	SW °	ID
250	3.2	2.4	30	KNL	50	HZF/WZF	10	<b>190697</b>
303	3.2	2.4	30	KNL	60	HZF/WZF	10	<b>190698</b>
350	3.2	2.4	30	KNL	70	HZF/WZF	10	<b>190699</b>

Other dimensions available on request

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## Panel sizing sawblades

with saw tooth shape combinations such as flat / trapezoidal tooth (FZ/TR) or trapezoidal / trapezoidal tooth (TR/TR) are recommended for this purpose. The Leitz RazorCut PLUS (TR/TR) saw type achieves the best cutting quality here.

## Splitting individual panels and panel stacks – Premium

D [mm]	SB [mm]	TDI [mm]	BO [mm]	NLA [mm]	Z	ZF	SW °	ID
300	4.4	3.2	30	KNL	60	FZ/TR	15	163400
350	4.4	3.2	60	KNL	72	FZ/TR	15	163408
350	4.4	3.2	60	2/14/100	72	FZ/TR	15	163409
380	4.8	3.5	60	2/14/100 2/14/125	72	FZ/TR	15	163418
380	4.4	3.2	30	2/14/100 2/14/125	72	FZ/TR	15	163419

Other dimensions available on request

## Splitting individual panels in finish cut quality *Excellent* – RazorCut PLUS

D [mm]	SB [mm]	TDI [mm]	BO [mm]	NLA [mm]	Z	ZF	SW °	ID
300	4.4	3.2	30	KNL	60	TR/TR	15	161137
350	4.4	3.2	60	KNL	72	TR/TR	15	161149
350	4.4	3.2	60	2/14/100	72	TR/TR	15	161150
380	4.8	3.5	60	2/14/100 2/14/125	72	TR/TR	15	161159
380	4.4	3.2	30	2/14/100 2/14/125	72	TR/TR	15	161156

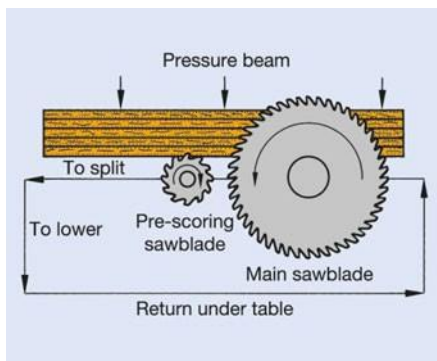
Other dimensions available on request

# Processing recommendation

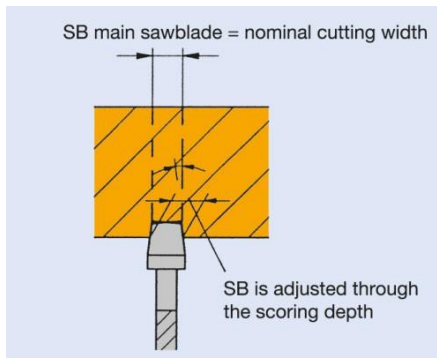
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## Scoring sawblades

With Kronospan – The use of a scoring unit is recommended to achieve good cutting edge quality on the tooth exit side. The cutting width of the scoring sawblade must be set slightly larger than that of the main circular sawblade so that the exiting tooth of the main saw can no longer touch the cutting edge. Divided scoring sawblades are used on circular saw benches and sizing saw machines.



Panel sizing system with scoring unit and pressure device



Application diagram of conical scoring sawblade. When repairing the tools, it is recommended to sharpen the scoring saws with the main saws in a set.

All dimensions available on request

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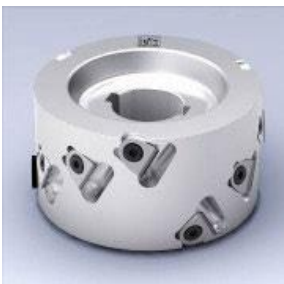
## Jointing on table milling machine or throughfeed systems

In order to produce edges free of break-outs on the cover layers of the panel, jointing tools with alternate shear angles should be used. Diamond cutterheads such as Leitz WhisperCut with a shear angle of 30° or WhisperCut EdgeExpert with shear angle of 50° are recommended. The chip removal should be as low as possible and not exceed 2 mm.

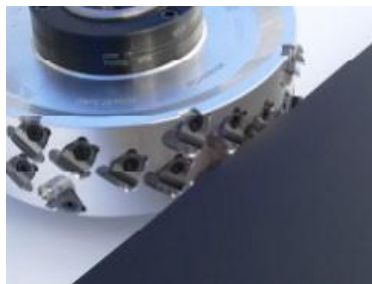
For good cutting results, it is advantageous to use tools with high concentricity and balance quality which are achieved by using centering adaptors such as hydraulic clamping systems, HSK holders or shrink-fit clamping systems.

Only tools marked "MAN" or "BG-Test" may be used when working with manual feed on table milling machines. Further- more, for safety reasons, the speed range specified on the tool must not be exceeded or fallen short of. The tools for manual feed may only be used when running against the feed.

Tool examples:



DP jointing cutter WhisperCut



DP WhisperCut EdgeExpert



DP jointing cutter with fixed tipping



DP jointing cutter EdgeExpert

The application parameters of the jointing cutters should be selected so that the tooth feed ( $f_z$ ) is between 0.5 and 0.8 mm. The WhisperCut and WhisperCut EdgeExpert tool design could be used for perfect cutting results.



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## WhisperCut

Dimensions DxSBxBO [mm]	RPM n [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	No. of teeth Z	Feed speed v <sub>f</sub> [m/min]	ID, DP WhisperCut		Machine
				LH	RH	
85x43x30	12,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192209</b>	<b>192209</b>	Ott
100x43x30	12,000	2	8 - 18	<b>192082</b>	<b>192083</b>	Stefani, Holz Her
100x43x30	12,000	2	8 - 18	<b>192233</b>	<b>192234</b>	Hebrock, EBM
100x43x30	12,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192088</b>	<b>192088</b>	Biesse
100x43x30	12,000	3	14 - 25	<b>090885</b>	<b>090886</b>	Brandt
125x32x30	9,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192092</b>	<b>192093</b>	IMA
125x43x30	9,000	3	14 - 25	<b>075627</b>	<b>075627</b>	Homag, Biesse
125x43x30	9,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192094</b>	<b>192095</b>	IMA

Other dimensions available on request

## WhisperCut EdgeExpert

Dimensions DxSBxBO [mm]	RPM n [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	No. of teeth Z	Feed speed v <sub>f</sub> [m/min]	ID, DP WhisperCut		Machine
				LH	RH	
125x43x30	12,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192249</b>	<b>192249</b>	Biesse, Homag
125x63x30	12,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192250</b>	<b>192250</b>	Biesse
125x43x30	12,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192251</b>	<b>192252</b>	IMA
125x63x30	12,000	3	14 - 25	<b>192301</b>	<b>192302</b>	IMA

Other dimensions available on request

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## Hoggers for throughfeed machines

Diamond compact hoggers, which generate little friction and cutting pressure, are recommended. The Leitz Diamaster DT Premium type mounted on a hydraulic clamping element is particularly suitable for maximum radial and axial runout and excellent machining quality and tool life. The cutting speed ( $v_c$ ) is 80 m/s at the usual speed ( $n$ ) 6000  $\text{min}^{-1}$  and diameter ( $D$ ) 250 mm. The application parameters and the number of teeth of the hoggers should be selected so that the tooth feed ( $f_z$ ) is between 0.15 - 0.25 mm.

Dimensions DxSBxBO [mm]	RPM n [ $\text{min}^{-1}$ ]	No. of teeth Z	Feed speed $v_f$ [m/min]	ID, DT Premium	
				LH	RH
250x10x60	6,000	24	25 - 33	<b>190410</b>	<b>190411</b>
250x10x60	6,000	36	32 - 43	<b>190418</b>	<b>190419</b>
250x10x60	6,000	48	39 - 53	<b>190426</b>	<b>190427</b>
250x10x60	6,000	60	45 - 80	<b>190434</b>	<b>190435</b>

Other dimensions available on request



Leitz DT Premium hogger

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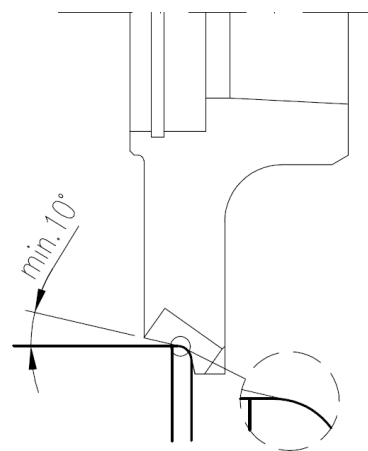
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## Edge processing on edge banding machines

Radii cutters and scrapers on edge banding machines must be set so that the tools do not touch the tool material. For panels with protective foil, the foil must not be damaged.

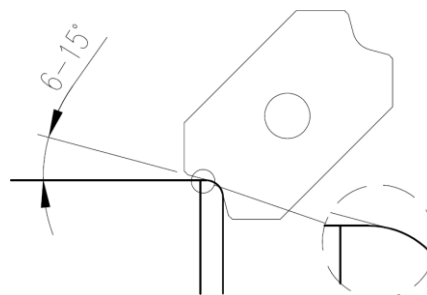
### Radii cutter / bevel cutter

Radii cutters should have a profile run-out of at least  $10^\circ$ . The setting of the radius and bevel cutters must be selected so that there is only contact with the edge.



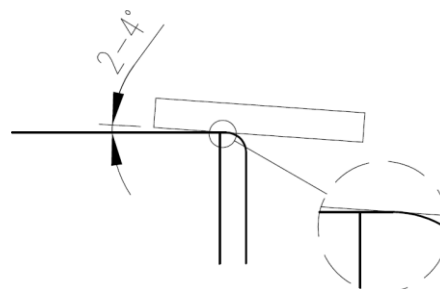
### Profile scrapers

Profile scrapers are equipped with a profile relief and can easily be used for finishing the Kronospan – MF PB and MF MDF panels with exact adjustment.



### Flat scrapers

Flat scrapers should preferably have an inclination of  $2 - 4^\circ$  from the edge to the plate.



All dimensions available on request

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## Groove processing

For grooving, the number of teeth of the tool should be selected in relation to feed speed for optimum edge quality. The tooth feed rate ( $f_z$ ) should be in the range of 0.06 - 0.2 mm when machining with feed (GLL).

RPM n [ $\text{min}^{-1}$ ]	No. of teeth Z	Feed speed $v_f$ [m/min]
6,000	24	8 - 16
6,000	36	13 - 26
6,000	48	17 - 35

Other dimensions available on request

## CNC Machining Centres

Spiral solid carbide cutters (VHW) or preferably diamond tipped (DP) routers are best suited for machining on router and machining centres.

Good workpiece clamping on the machine must be ensured. We recommend stable and rigid Leitz ThermoGrip® shrink chucks for maximum concentricity, balance quality and perfect cutting quality. A good machining result can only be achieved with sufficient rigidity of the machine.



### Recommended application data:

RPM n = 18,000 - 24,000  $\text{min}^{-1}$

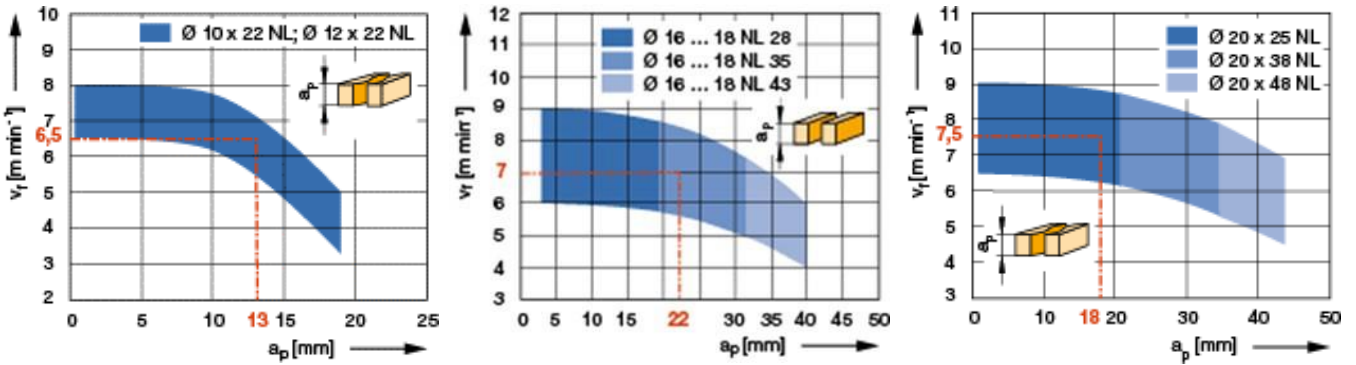
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## Grooving and sizing

### Router cutter Diamaster PRO

Feed rate ( $v_f$ ) depending on cutting depth  $a_p$ :



D [mm]	GL [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	ID	
				LH	RH
10	70	22	12x40		<b>091264</b>
12	70	22	12x40		<b>091265</b>
12	90	28	20x50		<b>191095</b>
14	90	28	16x50		<b>091267</b>
16	90	28	16x50	<b>091271</b>	<b>091270</b>
16	100	28	25x60		<b>091272</b>
16	115	43	25x60	<b>091276</b>	<b>091275</b>
18	95	35	20x50		<b>091278</b>
18	105	43	20x60	<b>091281</b>	<b>091280</b>
20	100	28	25x60	<b>091285</b>	<b>091284</b>
20	95	35	20x60		<b>091286</b>
20	115	43	25x60		<b>091290</b>
20	120	48	25x60	<b>091294</b>	<b>091293</b>
20	130	58	25x60		<b>191041</b>

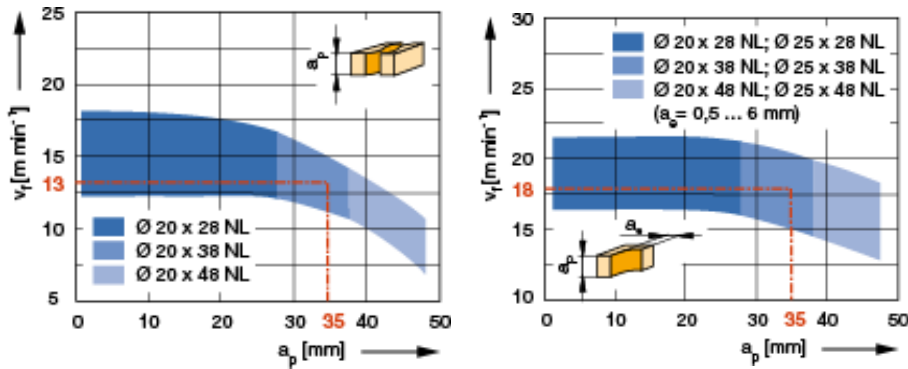
Other dimensions available on request

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## Router cutter Diamaster QUATTRO

Feed rate ( $v_f$ ) depending on cutting depth  $a_p$ :



D [mm]	GL [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	ID	
				LH	RH
20	90	28	20x50		<b>091235</b>
20	120	48	25x60	<b>091246</b>	<b>091247</b>
25	110	38	25x60		<b>091251</b>
25	120	48	25x60	<b>091252</b>	<b>091253</b>

Other dimensions or versions available on request

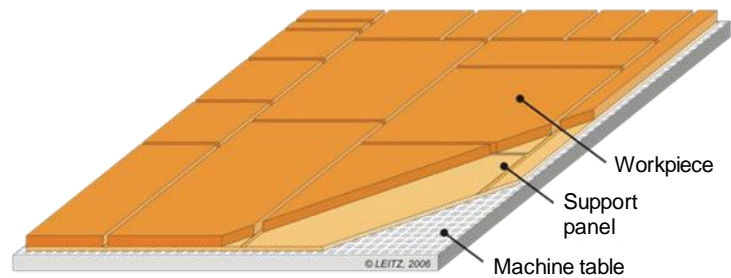
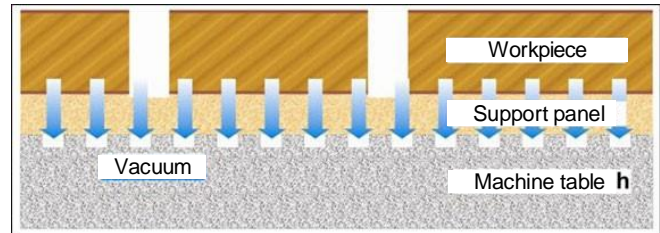
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## Splitting using the nesting method

### Production process with support panel

The workpiece is clamped as securely as possible on the machine table by means of a vacuum. The workpieces to be processed are usually supported by a thin MDF board, which is used as a "maxi-suction" and support panel for the machine grid table. The depth of the cutting tool is adjusted in order not to protrude the workpiece and cut into the support panel too much (max. 0.3 - 0.5 mm deeper).



### Production process with rubber mat

A rubber mat is used as a support through which the workpiece is clamped by means of a vacuum. The cutting tools are set or adjusted to a depth of 0.1 mm protrusion in order not to cut into the rubber too much (max. 0.05 - 0.1 mm deeper). This mat is replaced every 1 - 2 years.



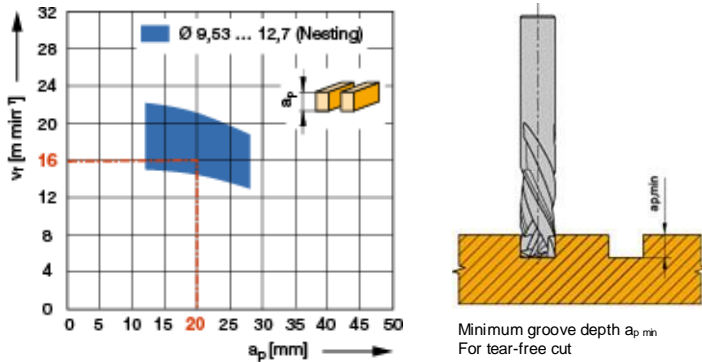
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## Router cutter in Nesting design

### Router cutter HW-solid Z 2+2

Feed rate ( $v_f$ ) depending on the cutting depth  $a_p$ :



D [mm]	D [in]	GL [mm]	GL [in]	NL [mm]	NL [in]	S [mm]	S [in]	$a_{p, min}$ [mm]	DRI	ID
9.53	3/8"	76.2	3"	23	7/8"	9.53x40	3/8"x1 1/2"	5.5	RH	240518
9.53	3/8"	76.2	3"	28.6	1 1/8"	9.53x40	3/8"x1 1/2"	7	RH	240503
10		75		28		10x40		8	RH	240530
12.7	1/2"	76.2	3"	32	1 1/4"	12.7x40	1/2"x1 1/2"	5	RH	240504
12.7	1/2"	76.2	3"	32	1 1/4"	12.7x40	1/2"x1 1/2"	6	RH	240505
12.7	1/2"	88.9	3 1/2"	34.9	1 3/8"	12.7x40	1/2"x1 1/2"	6	RH	240506
12.7	1/2"	101.6	4"	43	1 5/8"	12.7x40	3/8"x1 5/8"	20	RH	240507

Other dimensions or versions available on request

### Router cutter Diamaster PRO DP Z 2+2

Feed rate ( $v_f$ ) depending on the cutting depth  $a_p$ :

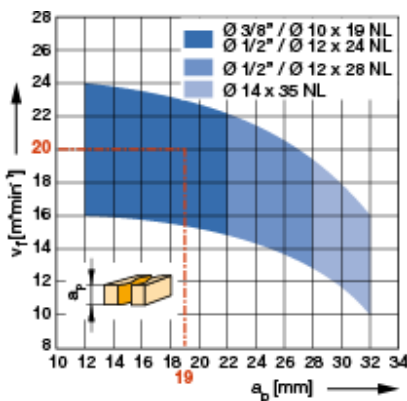


Table ref. optimal workpiece thicknesses

NL [mm]	Workpiece thickness [mm]	ID
19	9 - 16	191059
24	13 - 20 (22)	191060
28	19 - 25	191061
35	22 - 32	191101



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D [mm]	GL [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	DRI	ID
10	65	19	10x40	RH	<b>191059</b>
12	70	24	12x42	RH	<b>191060</b>
12	75	28	12x42	RH	<b>191061</b>
14	90	35	16x50	RH	<b>191101</b>

Other dimensions or versions available on request

## Router cutter Diamaster PRO<sup>3</sup> DP Z 3+3

Feed rate ( $v_f$ ) depending on the cutting depth  $a_p$ :

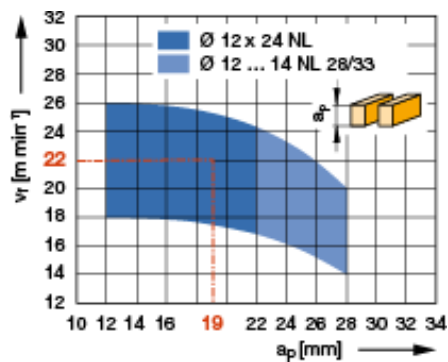


Table ref. optimal workpiece thicknesses

NL [mm]	Workpiece thickness [mm]	ID
19	9 - 16	<b>191030</b>
24	13 - 20 (22)	<b>191031</b>
28	19 - 25	<b>191032</b>
33	20 - 30	<b>191033</b>

D [mm]	GL [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	DRI	ID
12	65	19	12x42	RH	<b>191030</b>
12	70	24	12x42	RH	<b>191031</b>
12	75	28	12x42	RH	<b>191032</b>
14	90	33	16x50	RH	<b>191033</b>

Other dimensions or versions available on request

In order to find an optimal tool selection in connection with the machine, material and machining parameters, a consultation or recommendation from a Leitz application engineer is recommended.

# Processing recommendation

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## Boring

For boring, carbide-tipped or solid carbide (VHW) twist drills, dowel drills and hinge boring bits are recommended. On CNC machining centres, it is recommended to use the hinge boring bits in the main spindle instead of in the drilling beam due to higher stability.

For all applications, the following tools can be used according to the tables below:

### Dowel drills

RPM n [min<sup>-1</sup>] 3,000 - 8,000  
 Feed speed v<sub>f</sub> [m/min] 0.5 - 3.0

#### Dowel drills HW-solid – Excellent

D [mm]	GL [mm]	L [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	ID	
					LH	RH
3	70	68.5	16	10x45	042596	042597
5	70	68.5	35	10x27	033496	033497
8	70	68.5	35	10x27	033500	033501
10	70	68	35	10x27	033540	033541

Other dimensions available on request

#### Dowel drills HW-tipped – Premium

D [mm]	GL [mm]	L [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	ID	
					LH	RH
5	70	68.5	35	10x30	033484	033485
5.1	70	68.5	35	10x30	033492	033493
8	70	68.5	35	10x30	033488	033489
10	70	68.5	35	10x30	033490	033491

Other dimensions available on request

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### Through-hole boring bits

RPM n [min<sup>-1</sup>] 3,000 - 8,000  
 Feed speed v<sub>f</sub> [m/min] 0.5 - 2.0

D [mm]	GL [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	ID	
				LH	RH
5	70	35	10x27	<b>034100</b>	<b>034101</b>
8	70	35	10x25	<b>034104</b>	<b>034105</b>
10	70	35	10x22	<b>034114</b>	<b>034115</b>

### Through-hole drills HW-tipped – Premium

D [mm]	GL [mm]	NL [mm]	S [mm]	ID	
				LH	RH
5	70	35	10x25	<b>033964</b>	<b>033965</b>
8	70	35	10x25	<b>033966</b>	<b>033967</b>

Other dimensions available on request

### Hinge boring bits

RPM n [min<sup>-1</sup>] 3,000 - 8,000  
 Feed speed v<sub>f</sub> [m/min] 0.5 - 2.0

For hinge bores, Leitz recommends solid carbide hinge boring bits:

### Hinge boring bits HW-solid

D [mm]	GL [mm]	L [mm]	S [mm]	ID	
				LH	RH
15	70	68	10x26	<b>034812</b>	<b>034813</b>
20	70	68	10x26	<b>034814</b>	<b>034815</b>
25	70	68	10x26	<b>034816</b>	<b>034817</b>
30	70	68	10x26	<b>034820</b>	<b>034821</b>
35	70	68	10x26	<b>034822</b>	<b>034823</b>

Other dimensions available on request

# Processing recommendation

Kronospan

## Performance times

Tool performance times are influenced by a variety of factors, so that no performance time statements or rights can be derived within the scope of this machining guideline. The information on the tools and machining parameters are recommended guide values. Machine or process constellations can lead to deviating parameters. An optimal adaptation of machine, tool and material as well as customer-specific requirements can only be carried out on site together with a Leitz application engineer.

# Processing recommendation

## Kronospan

### Explanation of abbreviations

A	= dimension A	LH	= left hand rotation
$a_r$	= cutting thickness (radial)	M	= metric thread
$a_x$	= cutting depth (axial)	MBM	= minimum order quantity
ABM	= dimension	MC	= multi-purpose steel, coated
APL	= panel raising length	MD	= thickness of knife
APT	= panel raising depth	$\text{min}^{-1}$	= revolutions per minute (RPM)
AL	= working length	MK	= morse taper
AM	= number of knives	$\text{m min}^{-1}$	= metres per minute
AS	= anti sound (low noise design)	$\text{m s}^{-1}$	= metres per second
b	= overhang	n	= RPM
B	= width	$n_{\text{max}}$	= maximum permissible RPM
BDD	= thickness of shoulder	NAL	= position of hub
BEM	= note	ND	= thickness of hub
BEZ	= description	NH	= zero height
BH	= tipping height	NL	= cutting length
BO	= bore diameter	NLA	= pinhole dimensions
CNC	= Computerized Numerical Control	NT	= grooving depth
d	= diameter	P	= profile
D	= cutting circle diameter	POS	= cutter position
D0	= zero diameter	PT	= profile depth
DA	= outside Diameter	PG	= profile group
DB	= diameter of shoulder	QAL	= cutting material quality
DFC	= Dust Flow Control (optimised chip clearance)	R	= radius
DGL	= number of links	RD	= right hand twist
DIK	= thickness	RH	= right hand rotation
DKN	= double keyway	RP	= radius of cutter
DP	= polycrystalline diamond	S	= shank dimension
DRI	= rotation	SB	= cutting width
FAB	= width of rebate	SET	= set
FAT	= depth of rebate	SLB	= slotting width
FAW	= bevel angle	SLL	= slotting length
FLD	= flange diameter	SLT	= slotting depth
$f_z$	= tooth feed	SP	= tool steel
$f_{z, \text{eff}}$	= effective tooth feed	ST	= Cobalt-basis cast alloys, e.g. Stellite®
GEW	= thread	STO	= shank tolerance
GL	= total length	SW	= cutting angle
GS	= Plunging edge	TD	= diameter of tool body
H	= height	TDI	= thickness of tool
HC	= tungsten carbide, coated	TG	= pitch
HD	= wood thickness (thickness of workpiece)	TK	= reference diameter
HL	= high-alloyed tool steel	UT	= cutting edges with irregular pitch
HS	= high-speed steel (HSS)	V	= number of spurs
HW	= tungsten carbide (TCT)	$v_c$	= cutting speed
ID	= ident number	$v_f$	= feed speed
I	= insulation glazing	VE	= packing unit
KBZ	= abbreviation	VSB	= adjustment range
KLH	= clamping height	WSS	= workpiece material
KM	= edge breaker	Z	= number of teeth
KN	= single keyway	ZA	= number of fingers
KNL	= combination pinhole consists of 2/7/42 2/9/46,35 2/10/60	ZF	= tooth shape (cutting edge shape)
L	= length	ZL	= finger length
I	= clamping length		
LD	= left hand twist		
LEN	= Leitz standard profiles		

In this machining recommendation, corresponding parameters for optimum machining of the designated materials are presented. The information on tools and machining parameters are guideline values without any claim to completeness or general validity. Machine or process-related marginal conditions can lead to deviating application parameters. Individual adjustments may be necessary in individual cases. In particular, the respective manufacturer's information on the intended use of the machine, tool and material must be observed. No rights can be derived from this machining recommendation. For solutions to complex tasks, please contact our technical advisor.

The information is based on the current state of the art and has been prepared with particular care and to the best of our knowledge. Due to continuous technical development as well as new standards and laws, technical changes may occur.